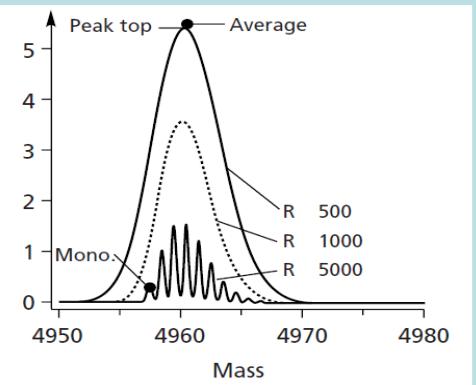


Determination of perfluoroalkyl ether carboxylic acids (PFECAs) and sulfonic acids (PFESAs) in North Carolina surface water using high resolution mass spectrometry

Mark Strynar, Rebecca McMahan, Shuang Liang, Sonia Dagnino, Andrew Lindstrom, Erik Andersen, Larry McMillan, Michael Thurman, Imma Ferrer, Carol Ball

35th SETAC N. America
Annual Meeting
November 9-13th, 2014
Vancouver BC



Presentation Outline

- Background on TOF MS
- Water sampling effort;
 - routine analysis UPLC-MS/MS;
 - discovery TOFMS (SETAC 2012 Long Beach CA)
- Tools used for identification of novel polyfluorinated compound in surface water
 - Sequential water sampling locations
 - Non-targeted screening
 - Negative mass defect
 - Kendrick mass transformation plots

Ex. Mass Accuracy (Tune)

$$1633.9498 - 1633.9395 = 0.0103$$

$$0.0103 / 1633.9498 \times 10^6 = 6.3 \text{ ppm}$$

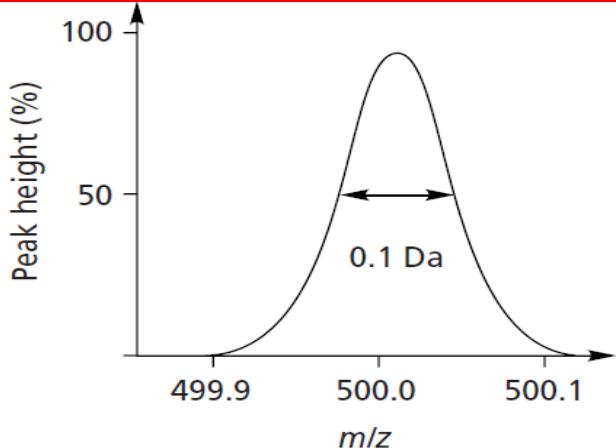
Ex Resolution (Tune)

$$1633.9395 / 0.0661 = 24,720$$

FWHM = Full Width at Half-Height Maximum

Resolution in mass spectrometry is the ability to differentiate a detected ion from any other

True mass	400.0000
Measured mass	400.0020
Difference	0.0020 or 2 mmu
Error	$\frac{0.002}{400} \times 10^6 = 5 \text{ ppm}$



Mass	500
Peak width (at 50%)	0.1
Resolution (FWHM)	$\frac{500}{0.1} = 5000$

Figure 1: (Top) Mass accuracy determination and (bottom) the FWHM method for determining resolution for a mass spectrometer measured at a given ion.

LCGC North America Vol 22 Number 2 February 2004 MS The Practical Art
Michael Balough "Debating Resolution and Mass Accuracy"

Monoisotopic Mass (Accurate mass)

The **monoisotopic** mass is the sum of the masses of the atoms in a molecule using the unbound, ground-state, rest mass of the principal (most abundant) isotope for each element instead of the isotopic average mass.

Ex.	Carbon	^{12}C (98.9%), ^{13}C (1.1%), ^{14}C
	Hydrogen	^1H (99.99%), ^2H (0.001%), ^3H
	Nitrogen	^{14}N (99.63%), ^{15}N (0.37%)
	Oxygen	^{16}O (99.76%), ^{18}O (0.2%)
	Phosphorus	^{31}P (100%)
	Sulfur	^{32}S (95.02%), ^{34}S (4.21%)...(25 isotopes; 4 stable)
	Fluorine	^{19}F (100%)
	Chlorine	^{35}Cl (75%), ^{37}Cl (25%)
	Bromine	^{79}Br (50.7 %), ^{81}Br (49.3%)

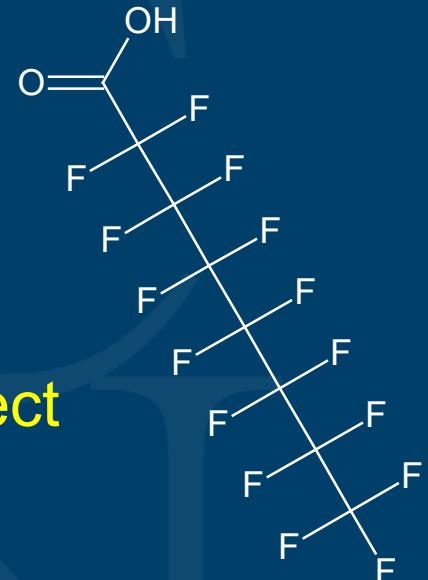
Mass Defect

Accurate Mass – Nominal Mass = Mass Defect

Ex. PFOA Nominal Mass: 414 Da

Accurate Mass: 413.973702 Da

$$413.973702 - 414 = -0.026298$$



J Mass Spectrom. 2012 Feb;47(2):226-36. doi:
10.1002/jms.2953. **The use of mass defect in modern
mass spectrometry.** Sleno L.

Negative Mass Defect: Per- and Poly-fluorinated Compounds

Formula	Mass	C	H	N	O	P	S	Cl	F
		12.000000	1.007825	14.003074	15.994915	30.973762	31.972071	34.968853	18.998403
C ₈ H ₁₈	114.1408506	8	18						
C ₈ H ₁₆ O ₂	144.1150298	8	16		2				
C ₈ HO ₂ F ₁₅	413.9737023	8	1		2				15
C ₈ HO ₃ F ₁₅	429.9686169	8	1		3				15
C ₈ HO ₃ SF ₁₇	499.937494	8	1		3		1		17

Octane	114.1408506
Octanoic acid	144.1150298
PFOA	413.9737023
Perfluoro-4-ether-octanoic acid	429.9686169
PFOS	499.937494

Mass fragments of per and poly fluorinated compounds conserve negative mass defect

Presentation Outline

- Background on TOF MS
- Water sampling effort;
 - routine analysis UPLC-MS/MS;
 - discovery TOFMS
- Tools used for identification of novel polyfluorinated compound in surface water
 - Sequential water sampling locations
 - Non-targeted screening
 - Negative mass defect
 - Kendrick mass transformation plots

Water Sampling Cape Fear River, NC

Nakayama et al. 2007 *ES&T* 41:5271-5276



TABLE 3. Measured Concentrations at the Eleven Sites with the Highest Total Concentrations of PFCs in the Cape Fear River Basin^a (See Figure 1 for locations)

no.	river	C12 (ng/L)	C11 (ng/L)	C10 (ng/L)	C9 (ng/L)	C8 (ng/L)	C7 (ng/L)	C6 (ng/L)	PFOS (ng/L)	PFHS (ng/L)	PFBS (ng/L)	total (ng/L)
1	Haw River	4.46	52.1	120	194	287	118	21.7	127	8.43	9.41	942
2	Haw River	3.20	28.7	112	157	200	66.8	14.5	33.4	7.87	2.61	626
3	Haw River	3.29	27.6	109	157	191	59.2	13.7	36.4	9.49	3.04	609
4	Haw River	1.98	20.0	88.2	151	201	58.2	13.2	31.5	7.49	2.88	574
5	tributary to Cape Fear	2.26	15.0	19.6	71.2	58.6	329	23.0	30.0	3.36	ND	531
6	Haw River	1.18	8.87	31.0	72.1	152	58.3	13.5	31.2	7.70	ND	376
7	Cape Fear River	< LOQ	3.34	13.2	34.8	70.3	24.0	7.84	66.7	5.59	ND	227
8	Cape Fear River	1.14	6.39	17.2	35.7	71.5	26.9	9.35	50.4	4.82	ND	223
9	Cape Fear River	1.23	6.75	17.1	38.0	72.7	23.7	7.05	40.7	4.10	ND	211
10	Cape Fear River	< LOQ	7.55	19.3	31.2	46.8	13.9	4.62	56.3	6.84	2.12	189
11	Little River	< LOQ	< LOQ	2.17	2.24	12.6	3.38	3.23	132	26.4	3.20	185

^a Italicized values show maximal concentrations of each compound.



Fayetteville, NC (Cape Fear River)



Water samples obtained
February 2012

- Waters WAX SPE

Analysis by:

- (a) UPLC MS/MS routine monitoring PFCs
- (b) TOFMS discovery



UPLC MS/MS System
UPLC - Waters Acquity

MS/MS - Micromass Quattro
Premier XE

Column - Acquity UPLC BEH C18
1.7 um 2.1x50 mm

Gradient separation
A 2mM Ammonium Acetate
B Methanol



HPLC/TOFMS System
HPLC - Agilent 1100

TOFMS - Agilent LC/MSD TOF

Column - Agilent Eclipse Plus C18
3.5 um 3.0x50 mm
custom packed

Gradient separation
A 2mM Ammonium Acetate
B Methanol

Figure 2. Picture of the (a) UPLC/MS/MS and (b) LC/TOFMS systems used

Traditional PFCs found in Cape Fear Water



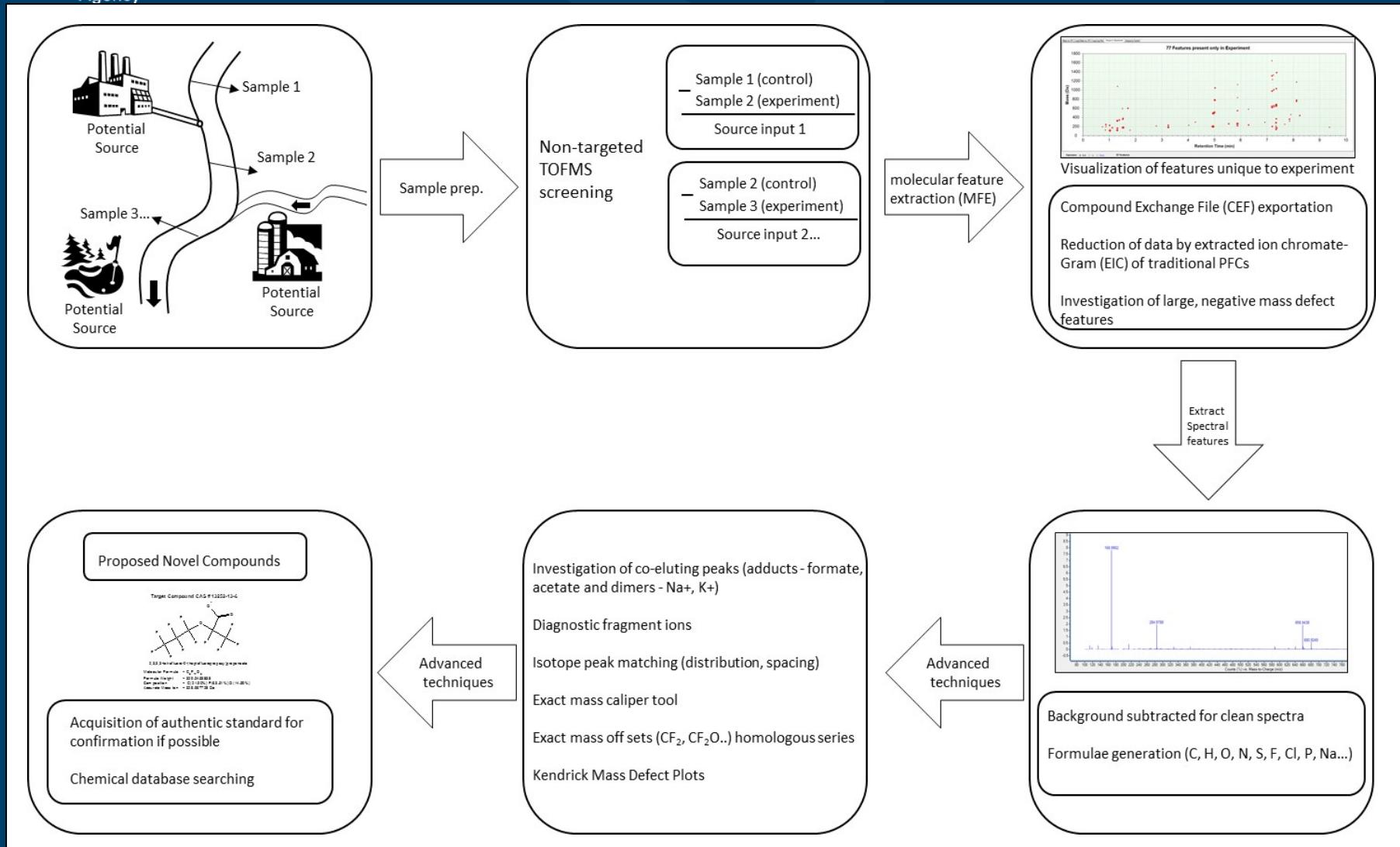
Analyte	001	002	003	004	005	006	007	008	008	009
C4	23	502	3761	6	4	0	8	7	5	3
C5	441	5607	43590*	17	9	1	32	46	12	9
PFBS	4	5	3	4	5	2	9	5	6	4
C6	17	90	434	18	12	2	27	16	18	14
C7	37	599	3873	14	17	0	11	20	21	9
PFHS	7	12	10	9	7	4	9	10	9	22
C8	32	39	71	33	25	2	38	36	41	18
C9	13	34	127	7	11	1	6	8	11	5
PFOS	19	27	26	17	23	0	0	16	18	14
C10	10	17	12	11	0	3	3	8	10	5

items in red exceed the standard curve high end of 500 ng/L; 10x diluted and re-analyzed; * still exceed curve and are estimated

Presentation Outline

- Background on TOF MS
- Water sampling effort;
 - routine analysis UPLC-MS/MS;
 - discovery TOFMS
- Tools used for identification of novel polyfluorinated compound in surface water (update of SETAC 2012 Long Beach CA)
 - Sequential water sampling locations
 - Non-targeted screening
 - Negative mass defect
 - Kendrick mass transformation plots

Workflow for TOFMS Discovery



- Control sample; CFR 004 Upstream
- Experiment; CFR 002 Downstream

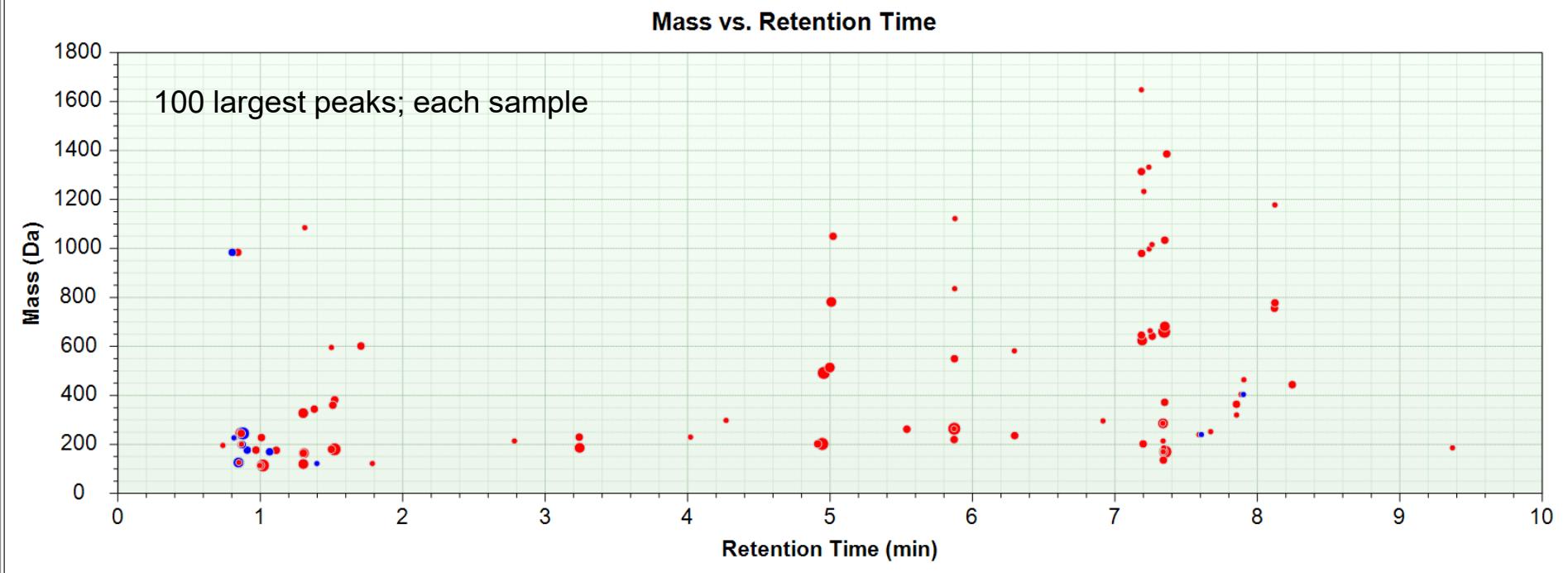
File Method View Web Image Identify Features Help



Graph data
 All samples Plot style Colored by group Visibility criterion None
 Visibility threshold 1

Mass vs. RT Log2 Ratio vs. RT Log/Log Plot Unique to Experiment Unique to Control

Mass Profiler - Agilent



Expression: Both Up Down 87 features

Size of circle proportional to peak area;
 typical usage dosed vs. non-dosed animals

Experiment; CF 002 Downstream

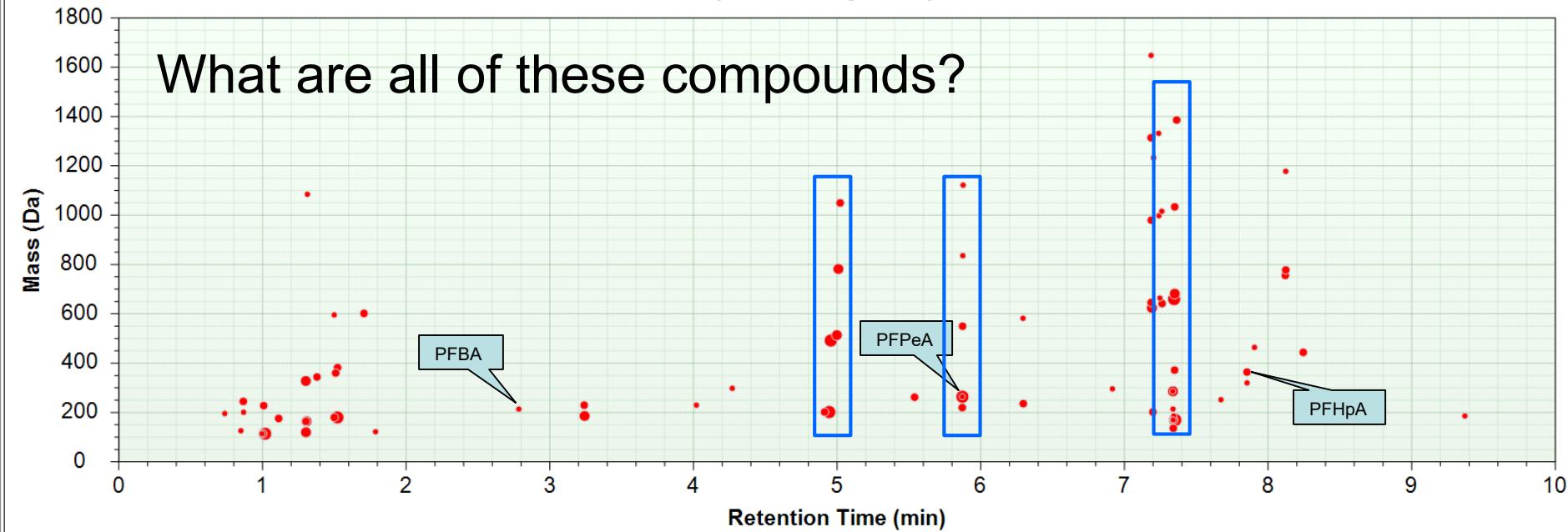
File Method View Web Image Identify Features Help



Graph data Plot style Visibility criterion
 All samples Colored by group None
 Visibility threshold 1

Mass vs. RT Log2 Ratio vs. RT Log/Log Plot Unique to Experiment Unique to Control

77 Features present only in Experiment

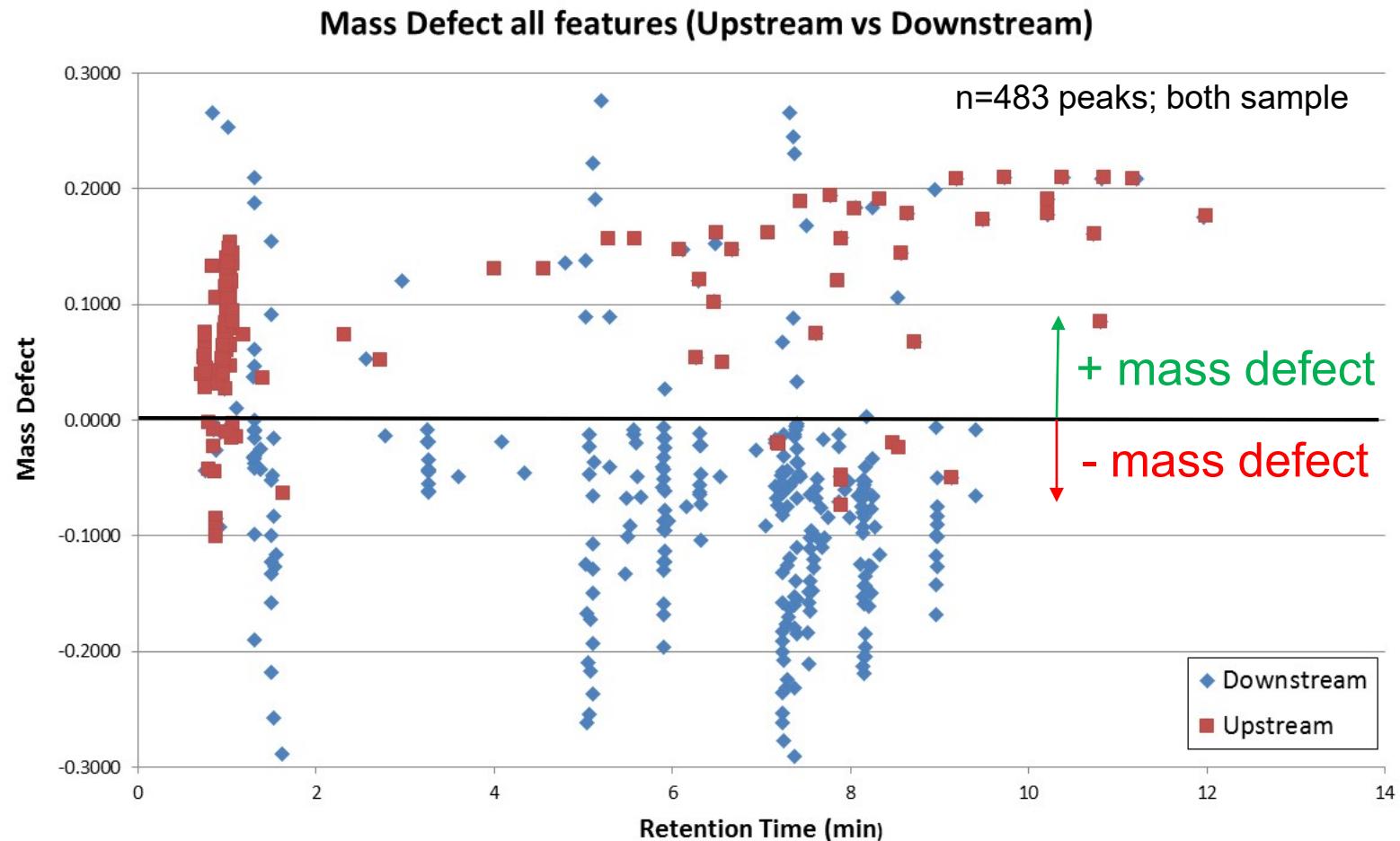


Expression: Both Up Down 87 features

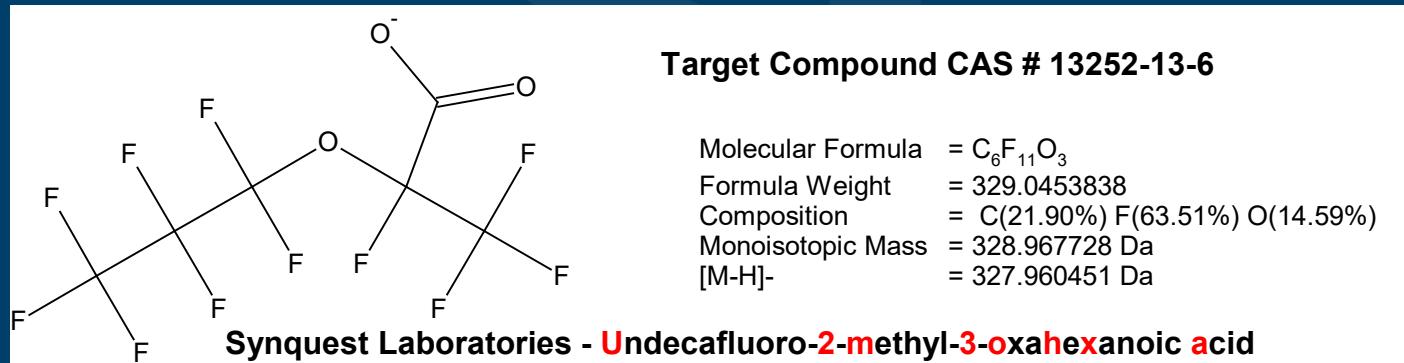
Most Have Negative Mass Defect; some appear at same RT

Mass Defect Plot TOFMS data

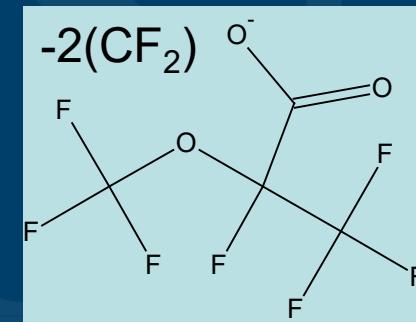
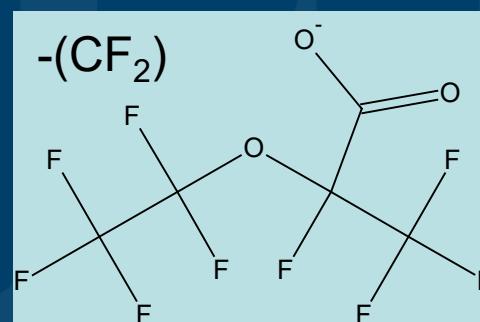
Accurate Mass – Nominal Mass = Mass Defect



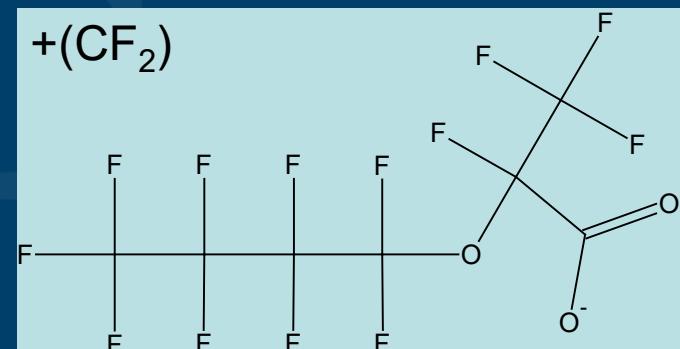
Identified polyfluorinated compound (U2M3OHxA)



$$\begin{aligned}-3(CF_2) &= 178.9733 \\ -2(CF_2) &= 228.9741 \\ -(CF_2) &= 278.9709 \\ +(CF_2) &= 378.9645\end{aligned}$$

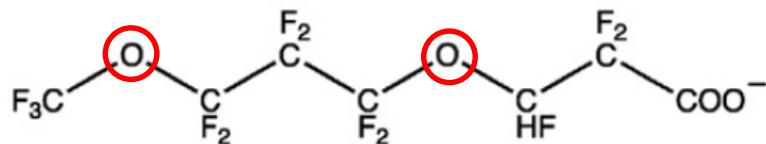


(Strynar et al., SETAC
2012 Long Beach CA)

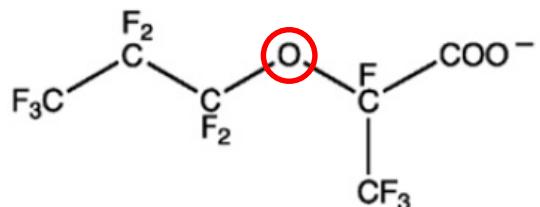


Fluoropolymer manufacture

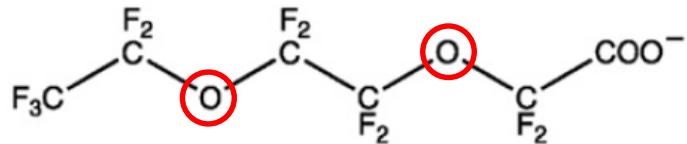
ADONA (CAS No. 958445-44-8)



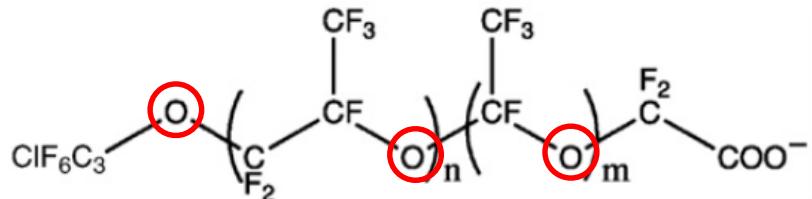
GenX (CAS No. 62037-80-3)



Asahi's product (CAS No. 908020-52-0)

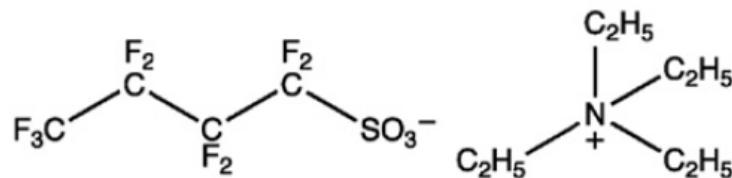


Solvay's product (CAS No. 329238-24-6)

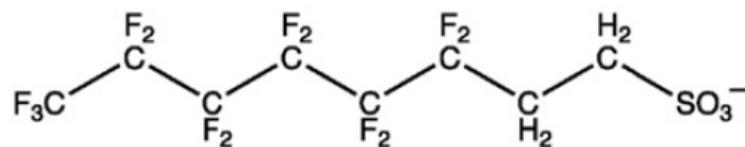


Metal plating

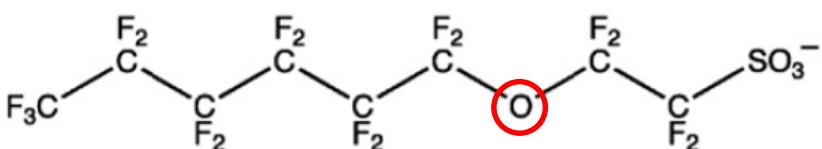
N(Et)₄-PFBS (CAS No. 25628-08-4)



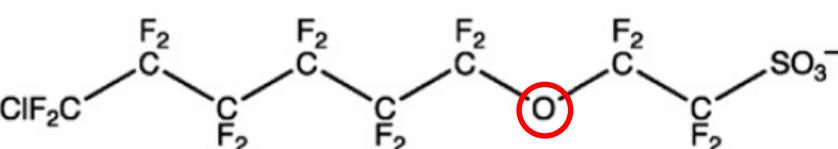
6:2 FTSA (CAS No. 27619-97-2)



F-53 (CAS No. 754925-54-7)



F-53B (CAS No. 73606-19-6)



m/z Extracted Ion Chromatograph (EIC) Suspected polyfluorinated compound homologous series

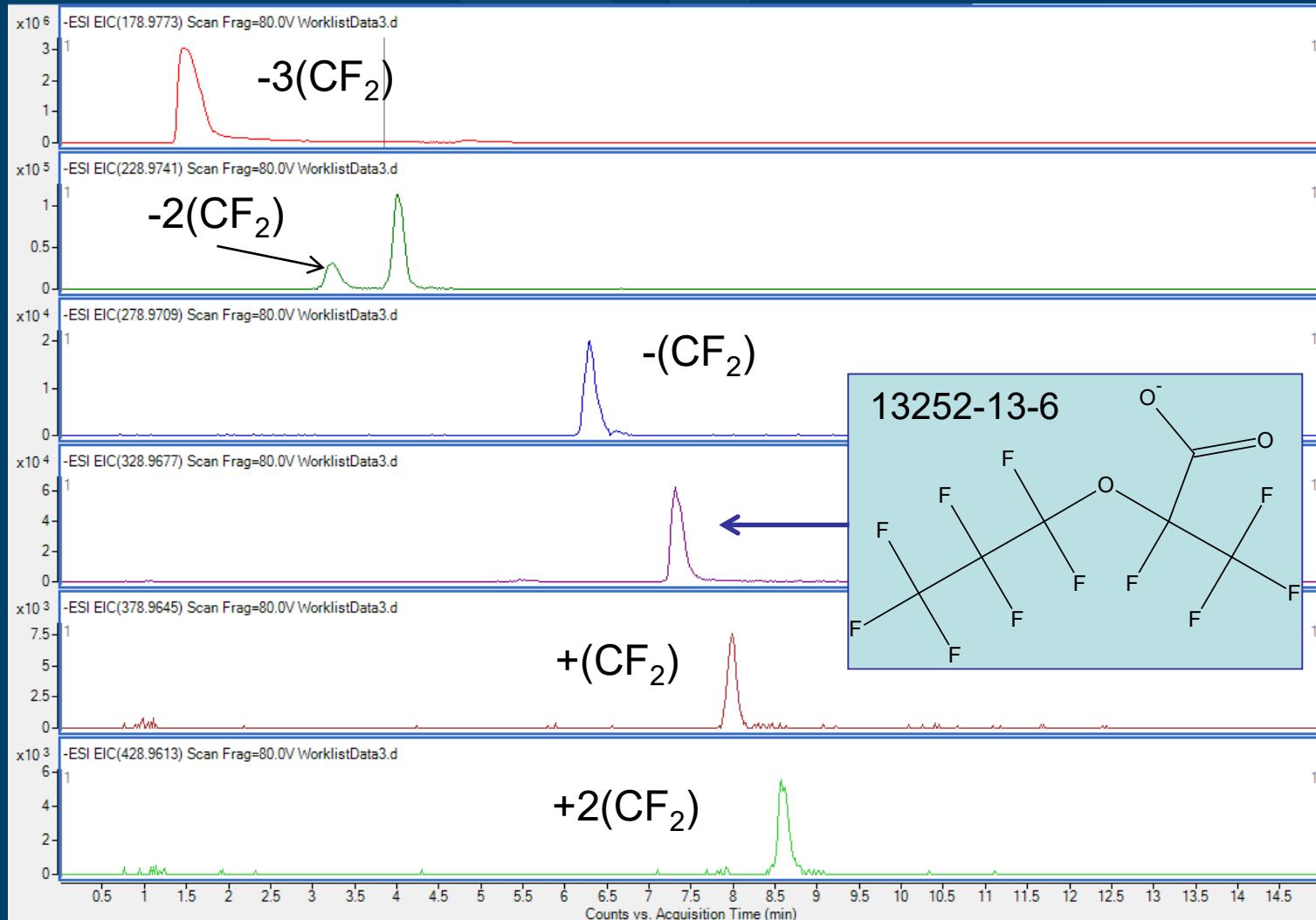
-150 amu

-100 amu

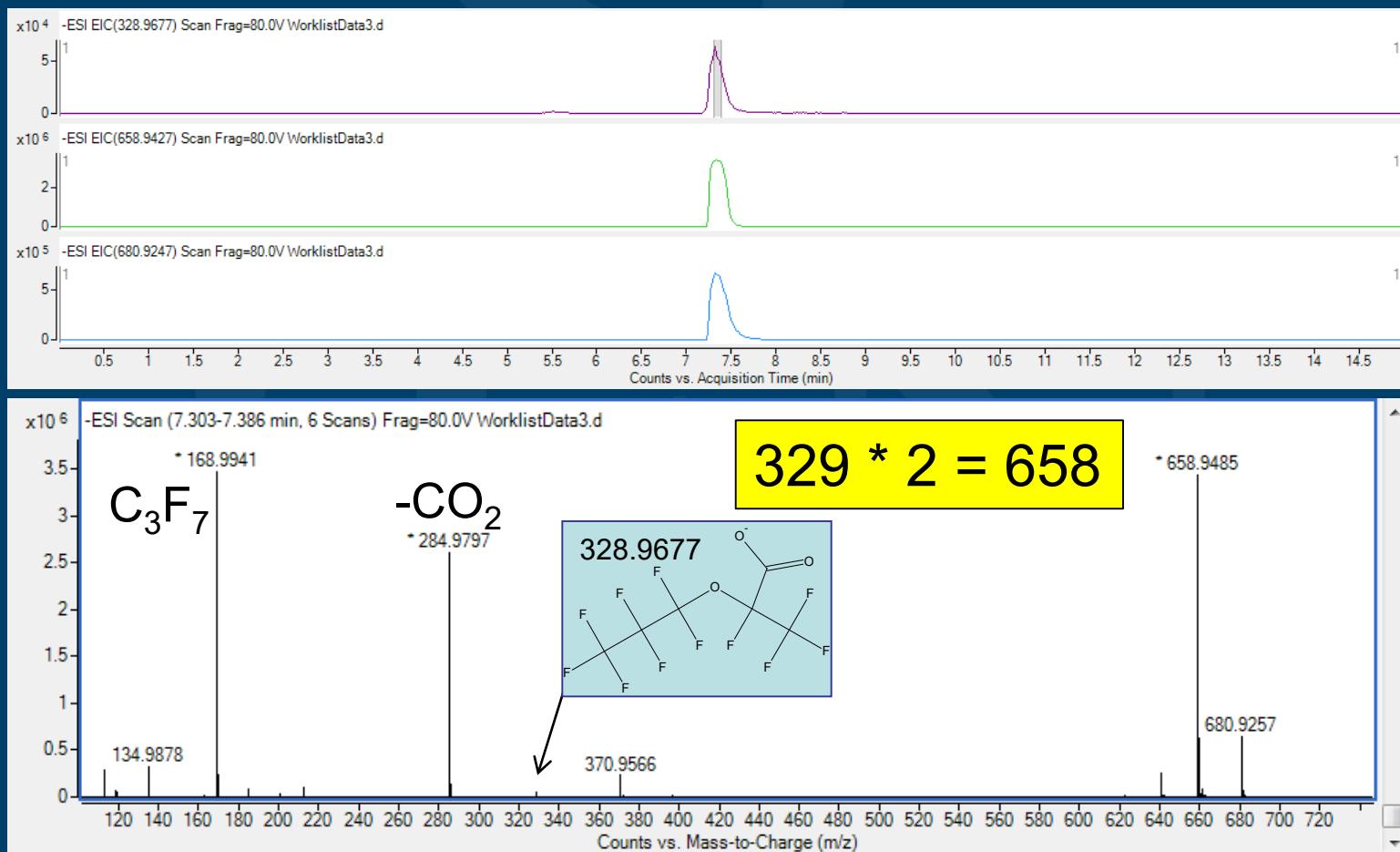
-50 amu

+50 amu

+100 amu



m/z Extracted Ion Chromatograph (EIC)

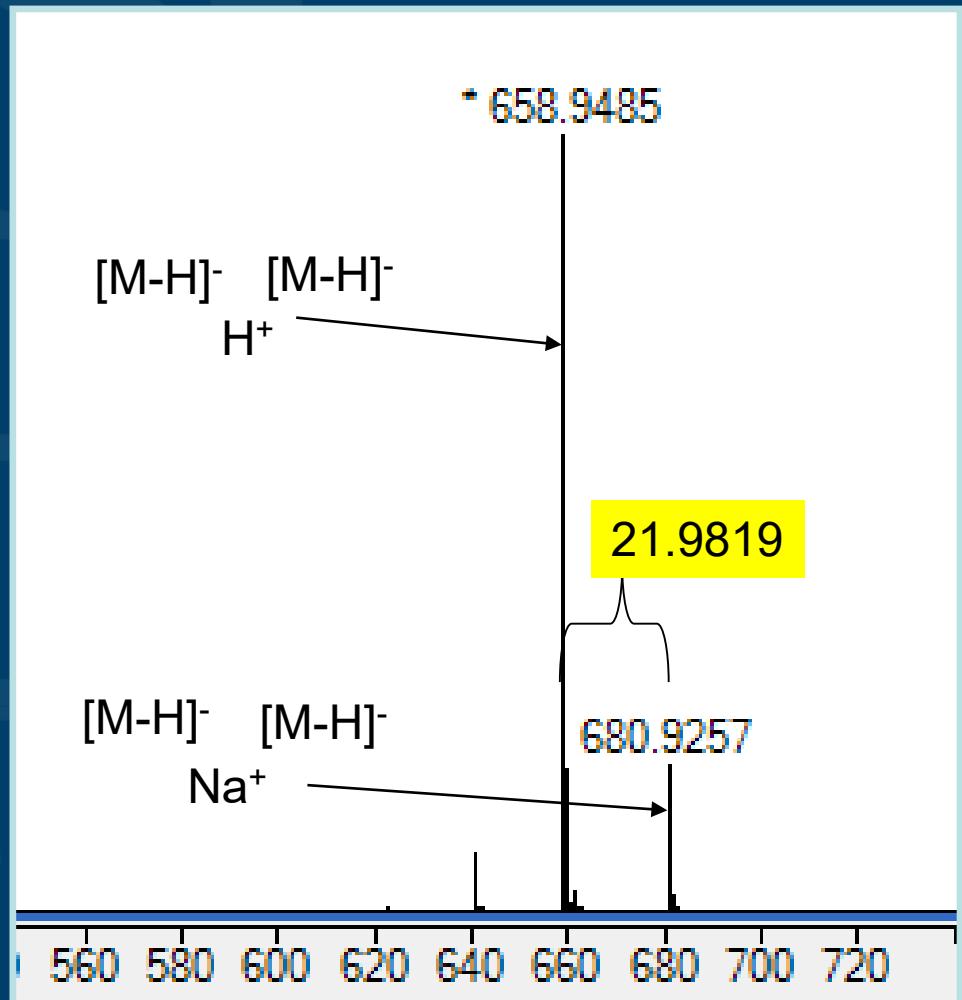


Standard or extracted water,
same spectra. m/z 328 LOW

Key TOFMS Information

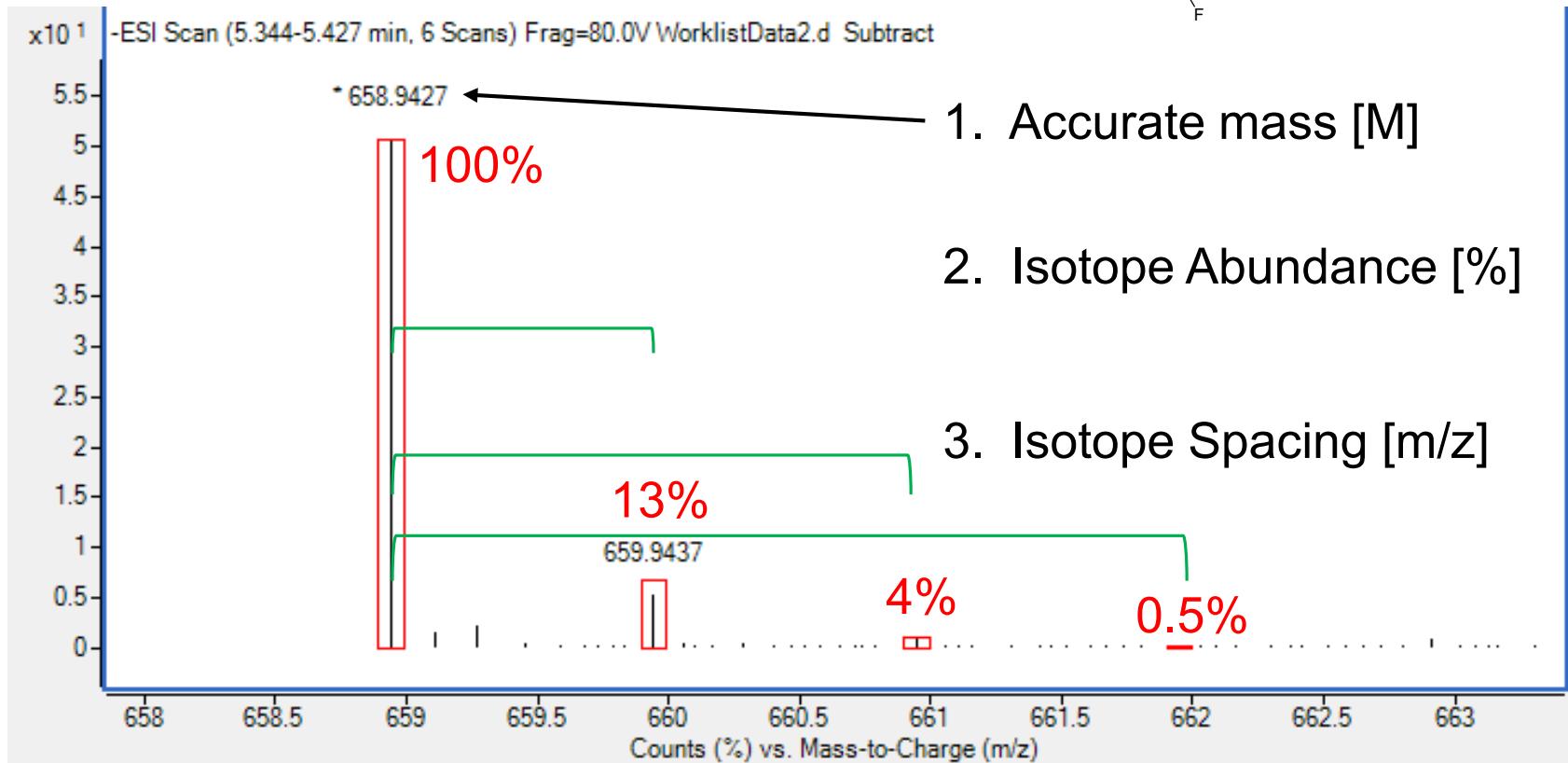
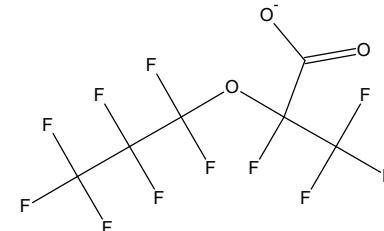
Difference Between Peaks

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Na}^+ (22.9892) \\ & - \text{H}^+ (1.0073) \\ = & \quad \boxed{21.9819} \end{aligned}$$

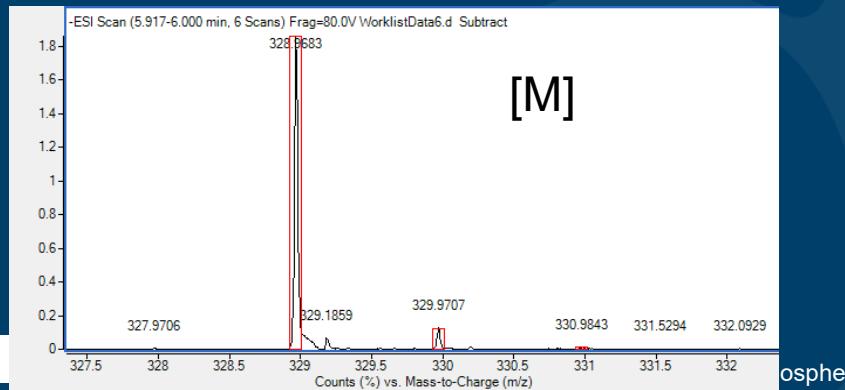
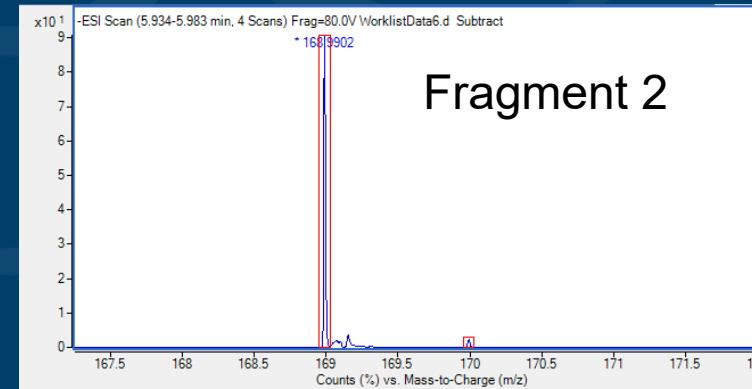
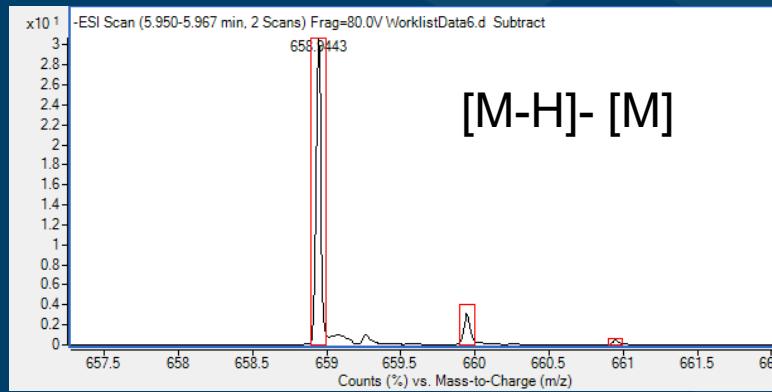
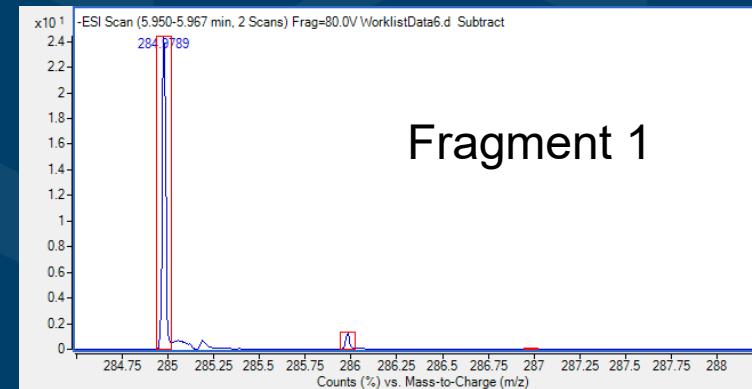
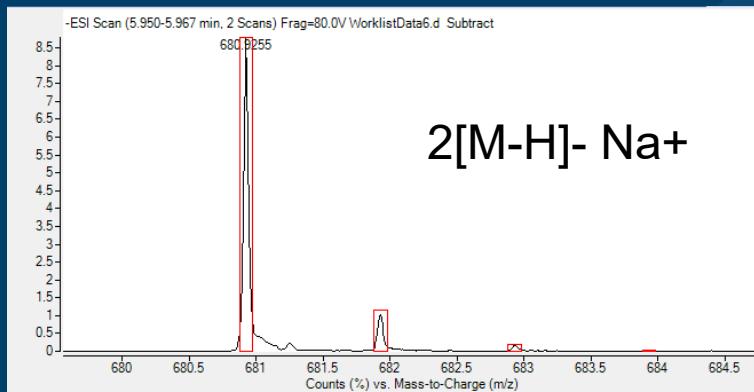


Isotope Cluster Scoring

Ex. $C_{12} H F^{22} O_6$



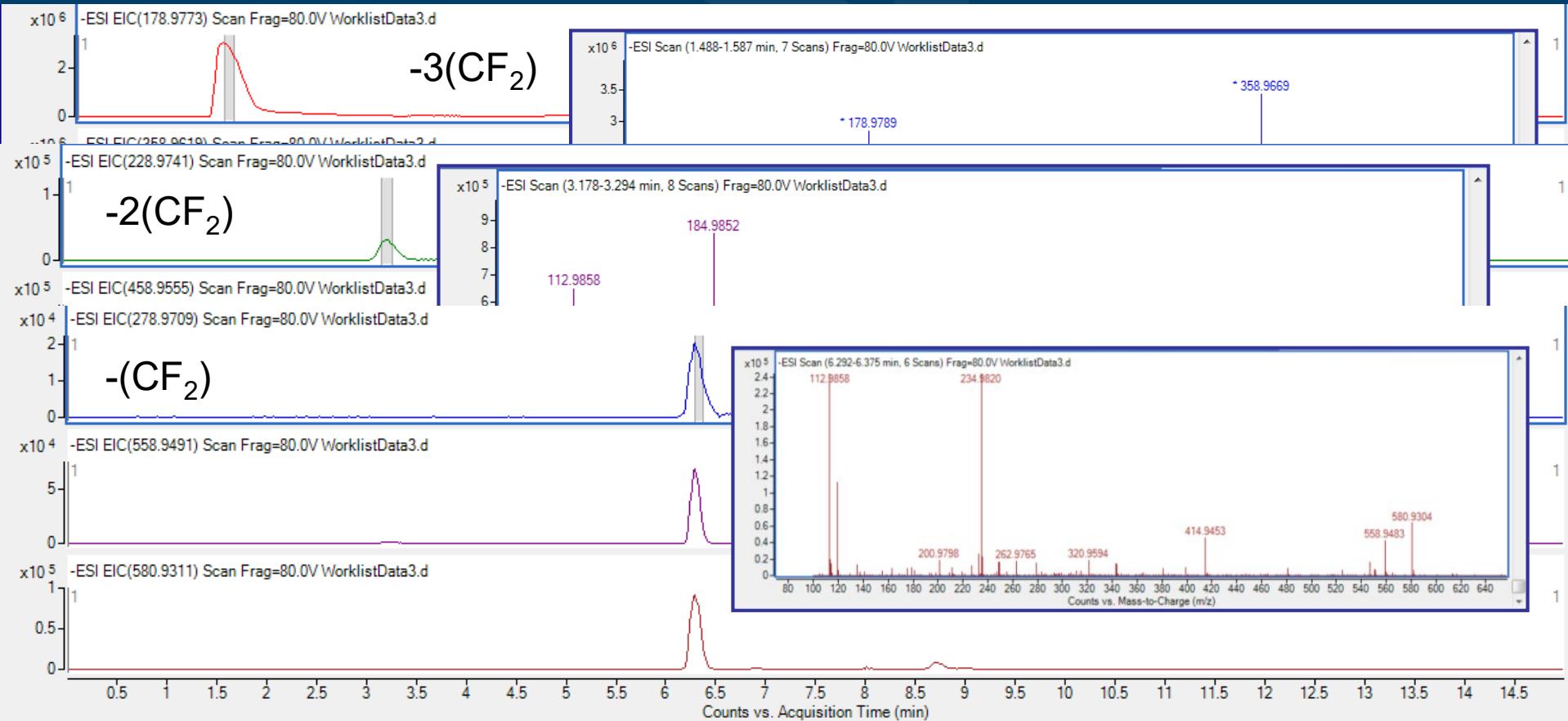
Allowed Species	Limits	Charge State	Scoring
Contribution to overall score			
Mass score	100.00		
Isotope abundance score	60.00		
Isotope spacing score	50.00		



	Ion Formula	m/z (M-H)-	m/z (calc)	Diff (ppm)	Score
2[M-H]- Na ⁺	C ₁₂ F ₂₂ NaO ₆	680.9255	680.9247	-1.2	98.11
[M-H]- [M]	C ₁₂ H ₂₂ O ₆	658.9433	658.9427	-2.36	92.96
[M-H]-	C ₆ F ₁₁ O ₃	328.9683	328.9677	-1.8	97.85
Fragment 1	C ₅ F ₁₁ O	284.9789	284.9779	-3.49	96.35
Fragment 2	C ₃ F ₁₇	168.9902	168.9894	-4.75	84.41

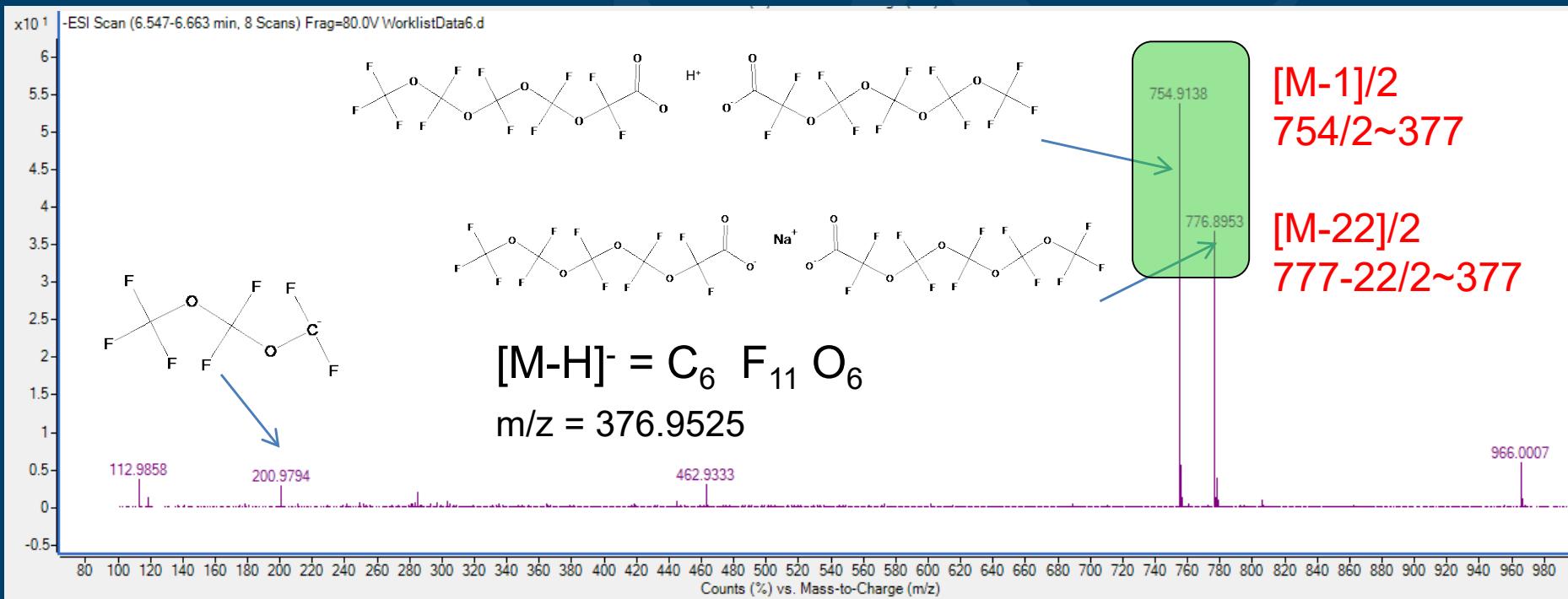
Homologous series: $[M-H]^-$, $[M_2-H]^-$, $[M-H]^-_2 Na^+$,

All have 21.9819 m/z offset peaks

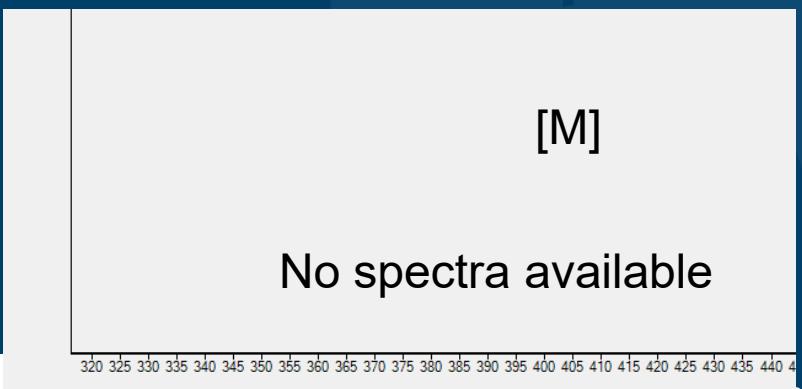
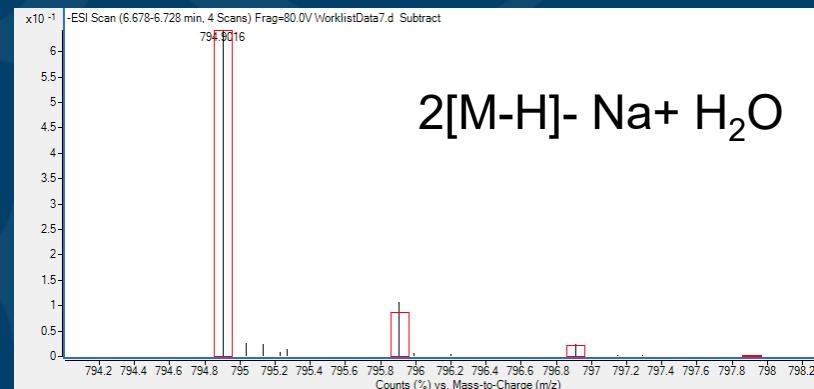
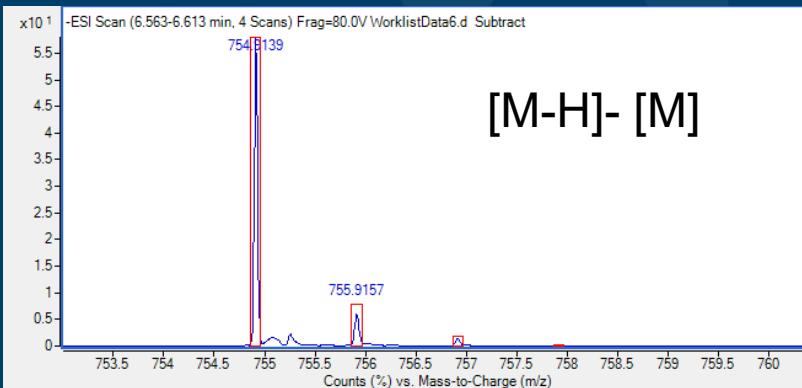
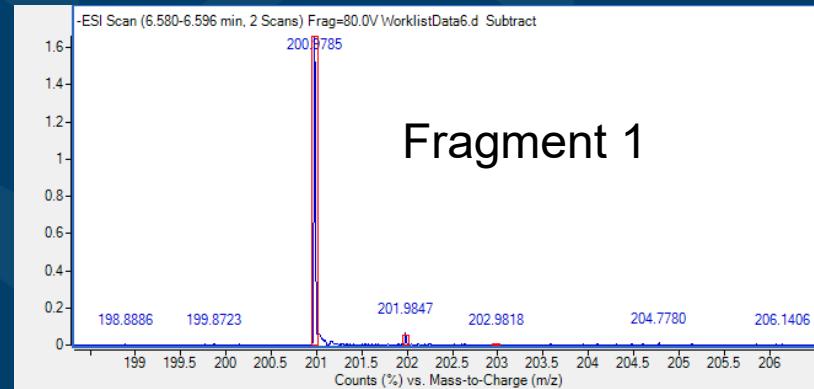
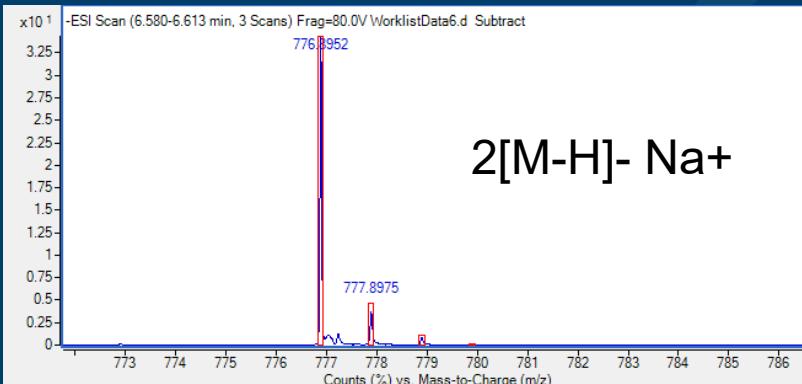


Additional Polyfluorinated Compounds

Continued to see 21.9819 m/z offset peaks

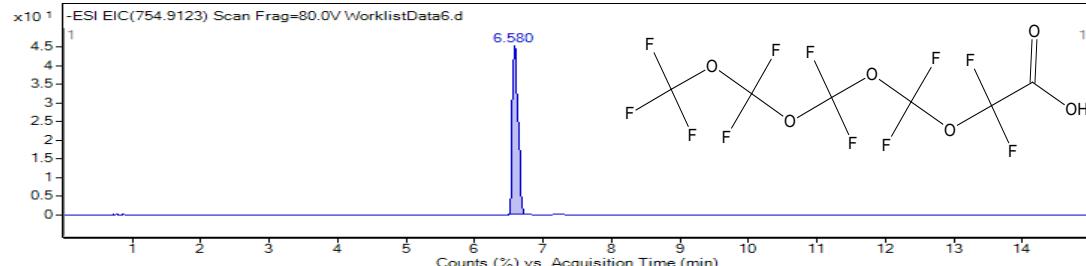


$\pm \text{CF}_2$ showed no peaks

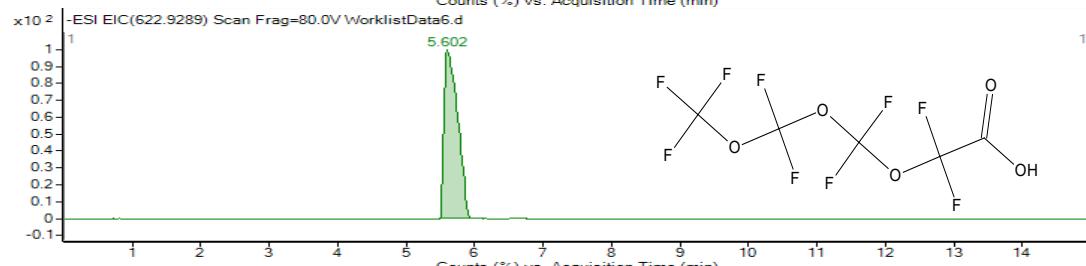


	Ion Formula	m/z (M-H)-	m/z (calc)	Diff (ppm)	Score
2[M-H]- Na ⁺	C ₁₂ F ₂₂ NaO ₁₂	776.8952	776.8942	-1.31	95.92
[M-H]- [M]	C ₁₂ H F ₂₂ O ₁₂	754.9139	754.9122	-2.22	92.66
[M]	C ₆ F ₁₁ O ₆	Not Observed	376.9525	---	---
Fragment 1	C ₃ F ₇ O ₂	200.9785	200.9792	3.71	95.18
2[M-H]- Na ⁺ H ₂ O	C ₁₂ H ₃ F ₂₂ NaO ₁₃	794.9016	794.9047	3.95	84.15

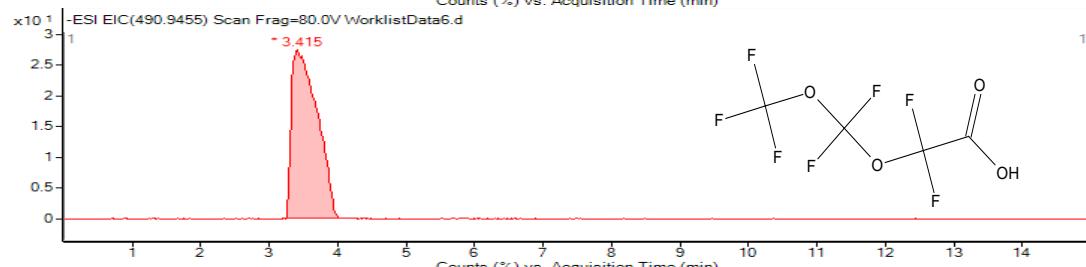
Homologous series NOT offset by CF_2 BUT CF_2O



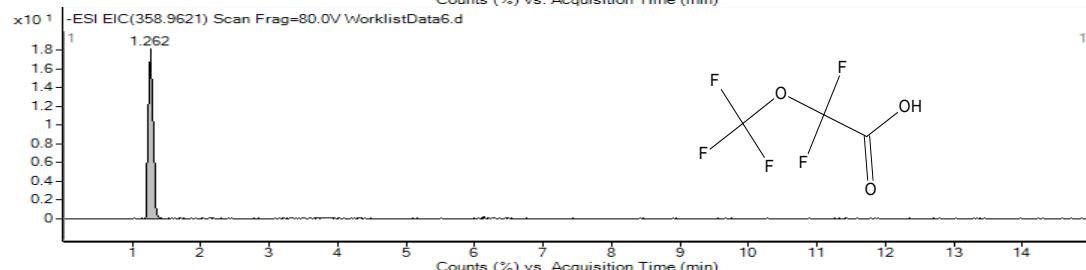
Molecular Formula = $\text{C}_6\text{HF}_{11}\text{O}_6$
 Monoisotopic Mass = 377.959748 Da
 $[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$ = 376.952472 Da



Molecular Formula = $\text{C}_5\text{HF}_9\text{O}_5$
 Monoisotopic Mass = 311.968027 Da
 $[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$ = 310.96075 Da

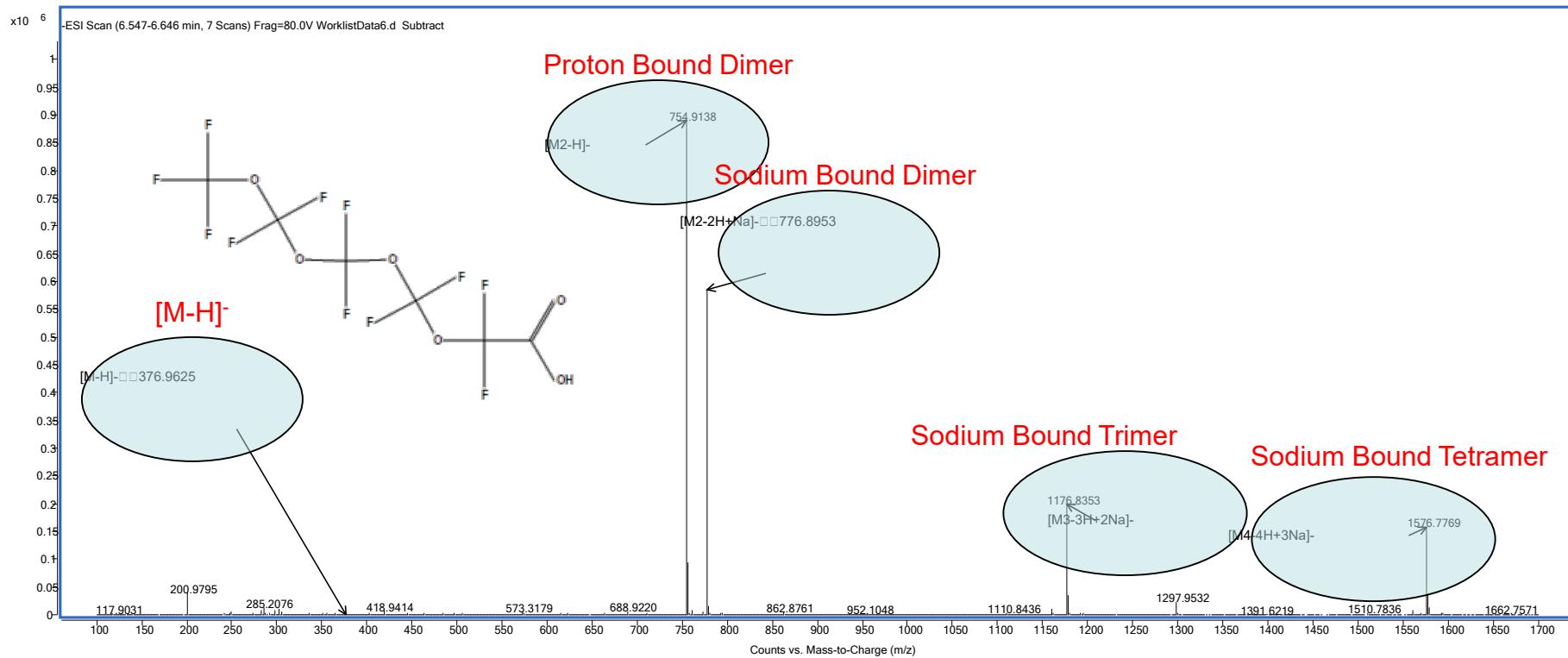


Molecular Formula = $\text{C}_4\text{HF}_7\text{O}_4$
 Monoisotopic Mass = 245.976306 Da
 $[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$ = 244.969029 Da



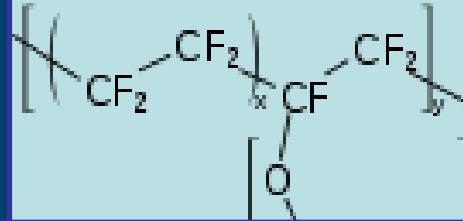
Molecular Formula = $\text{C}_3\text{HF}_5\text{O}_3$
 Monoisotopic Mass = 179.984585 Da
 $[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$ = 178.977308 Da

Additional n -mers*



- * Trier, X.; Granby, K.; Christensen, J. H., Tools to discover anionic and nonionic polyfluorinated alkyl surfactants by liquid chromatography electrospray ionisation mass spectrometry. *J. Chromatogr. A* **2011**, *1218*, (40), 7094-104.

Sample ID (Monitoring Well Description)	Monitoring Date	PFOA (µg/L)
MW-14D Onsite monitoring well located on the west side of the inactive Biosludge Lagoon area in the surficial groundwater beneath a local clay feature; South of the PPA Manufacturing Facility.	06-06-2013	0.045
MW-15D Onsite monitoring well located on the west side of the River Sediment Basins in the surficial groundwater beneath a local clay feature; South of the PPA Manufacturing Facility.	06-06-2013	0.052
MW-16D Onsite monitoring well located northeast of the Fire House in the surficial groundwater beneath a local clay feature; Southwest of the PPA Manufacturing Facility.	06-12-2013	0.016
MW-17D Onsite monitoring well located west of the Administration Building in the surficial groundwater beneath a local clay feature; West of the PPA Manufacturing Facility.	06-19-2013	< 0.004
MW-16D Onsite monitoring well located upgradient of the Nafion® Common Sump in the perched groundwater above a local clay feature; Southeast of the PPA Manufacturing Facility.	06-06-2013	0.052



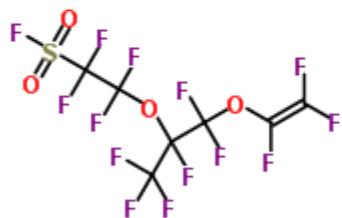
Nafion

<http://www.epa.gov/nafion.html?rid=1>

ChemSpider

Search and share chemistry

[About](#) | [More Searches](#) | [Web APIs](#) | [Help](#) |



?

[2D](#) [3D](#) [Save](#) [Zoom](#)

1,1,2,2-tetrafluoro-2-((1,1,1,2,3,3-hexafluoro-3-((trifluorovinyl)oxy)-2-propyl)oxy)ethanesulfonyl fluoride

ChemSpider ID: [77539](#)

Molecular Formula: $\text{C}_7\text{F}_{14}\text{O}_4\text{S}$

Average mass: 446.115112 Da

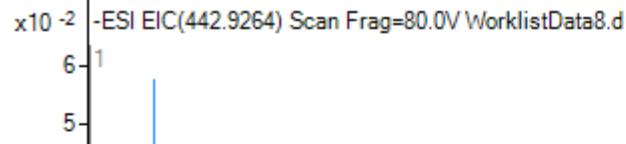
Monoisotopic mass: 445.929382 Da

▼ Systematic name

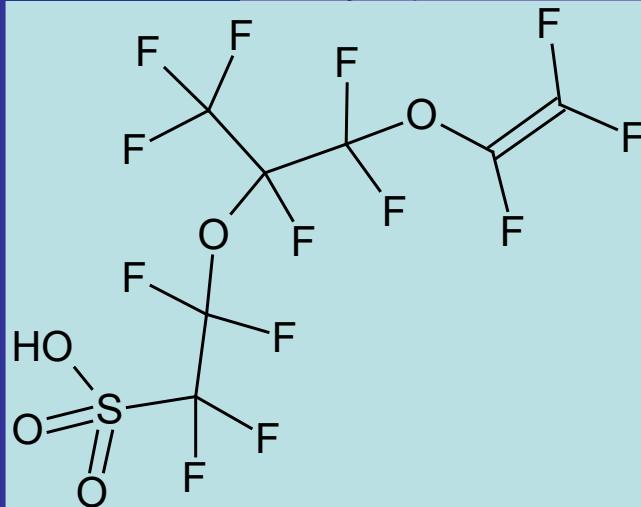
1,1,2,2-Tetrafluoro-2-((1,1,1,2,3,3-hexafluoro-3-((trifluorovinyl)oxy)-2-propyl)oxy)ethanesulfonyl fluoride

► SMILES and InChIs

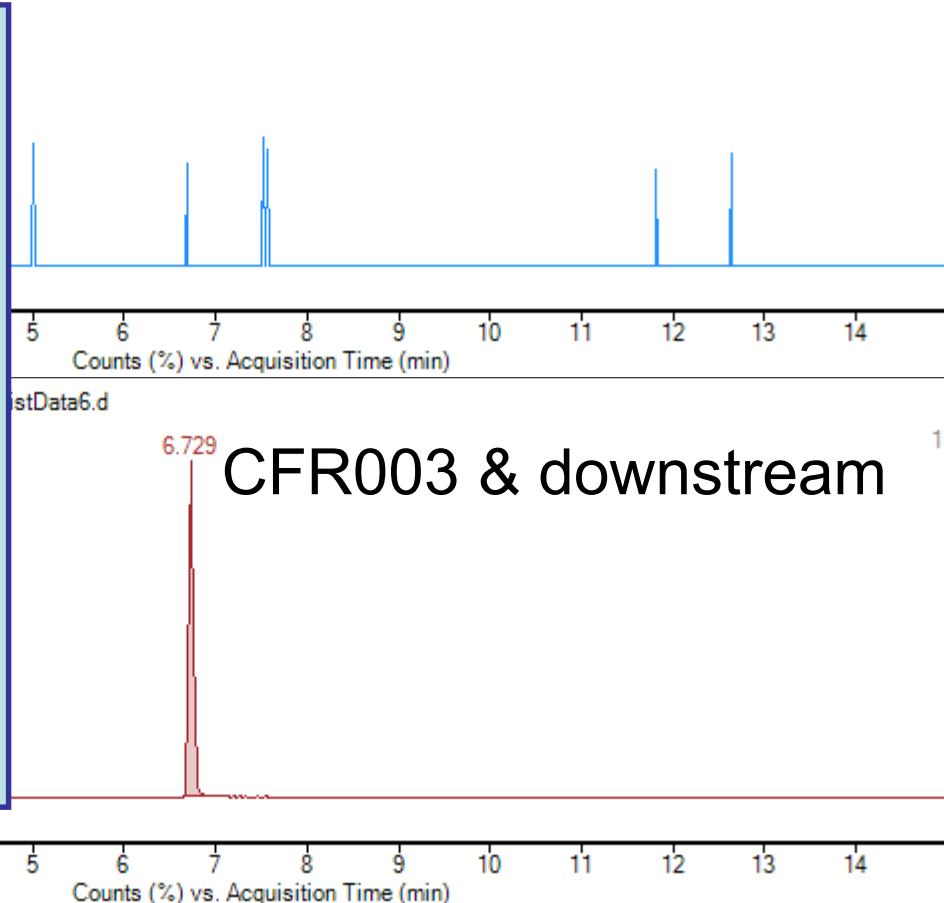
► Cite this record



CFR004 & upstream



Molecular Formula = C₇HF₁₃O₅S
 Monoisotopic Mass = 443.93371 Da
 [M-H]⁻ = 442.926433 Da



This polyfluoro sulfonates does not show H⁺ and Na⁺ bound dimers

Kendrick Mass Defect Transformations

$$\text{Kendrick Mass (F)} = (\text{observed mass}) \times \frac{\text{Nominal mass F}}{\text{Exact mass F}}$$

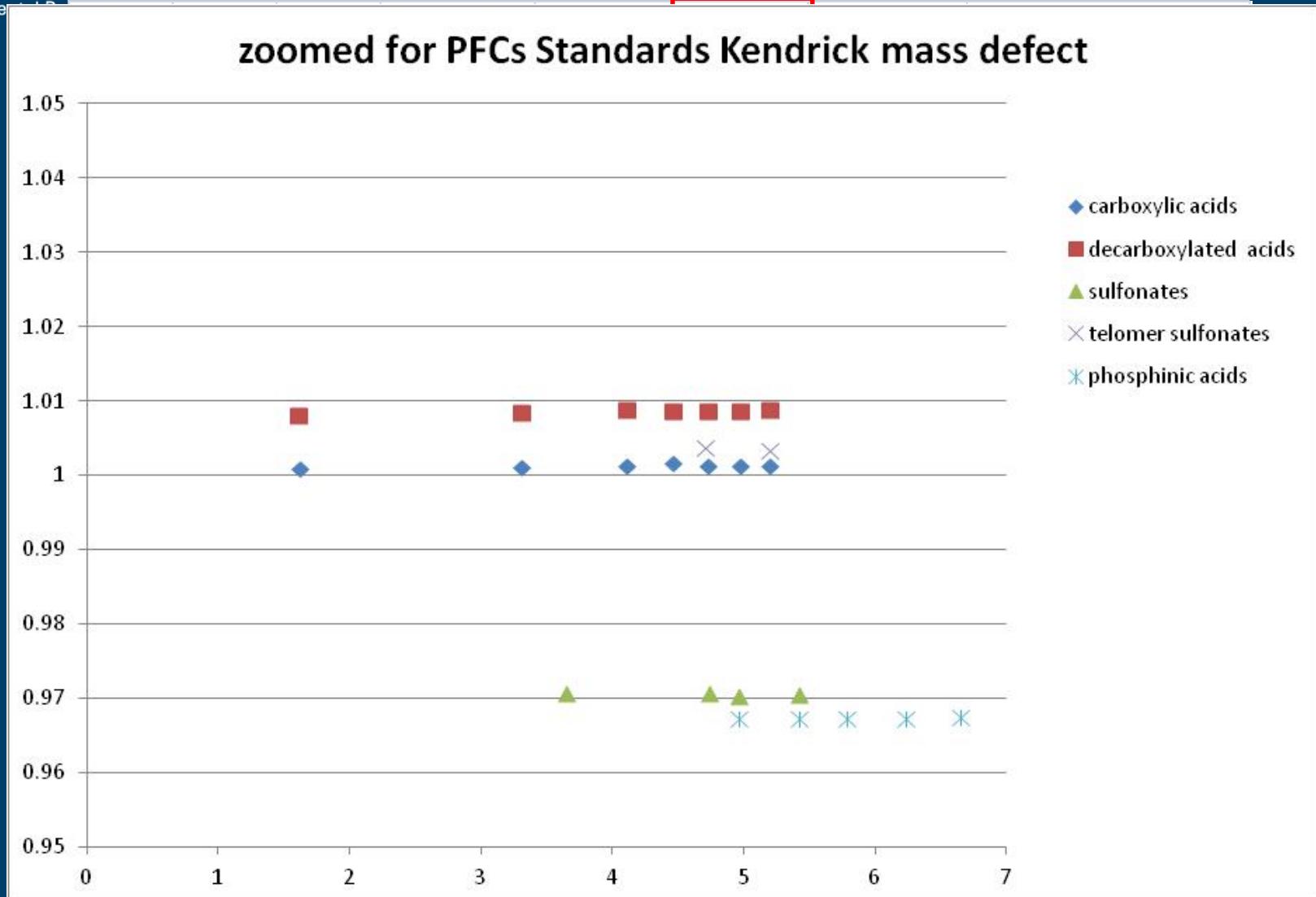
If $(F) = CF_2$

$$\frac{\text{Nominal mass F}}{\text{Exact mass F}} = \frac{50}{49.99681}$$

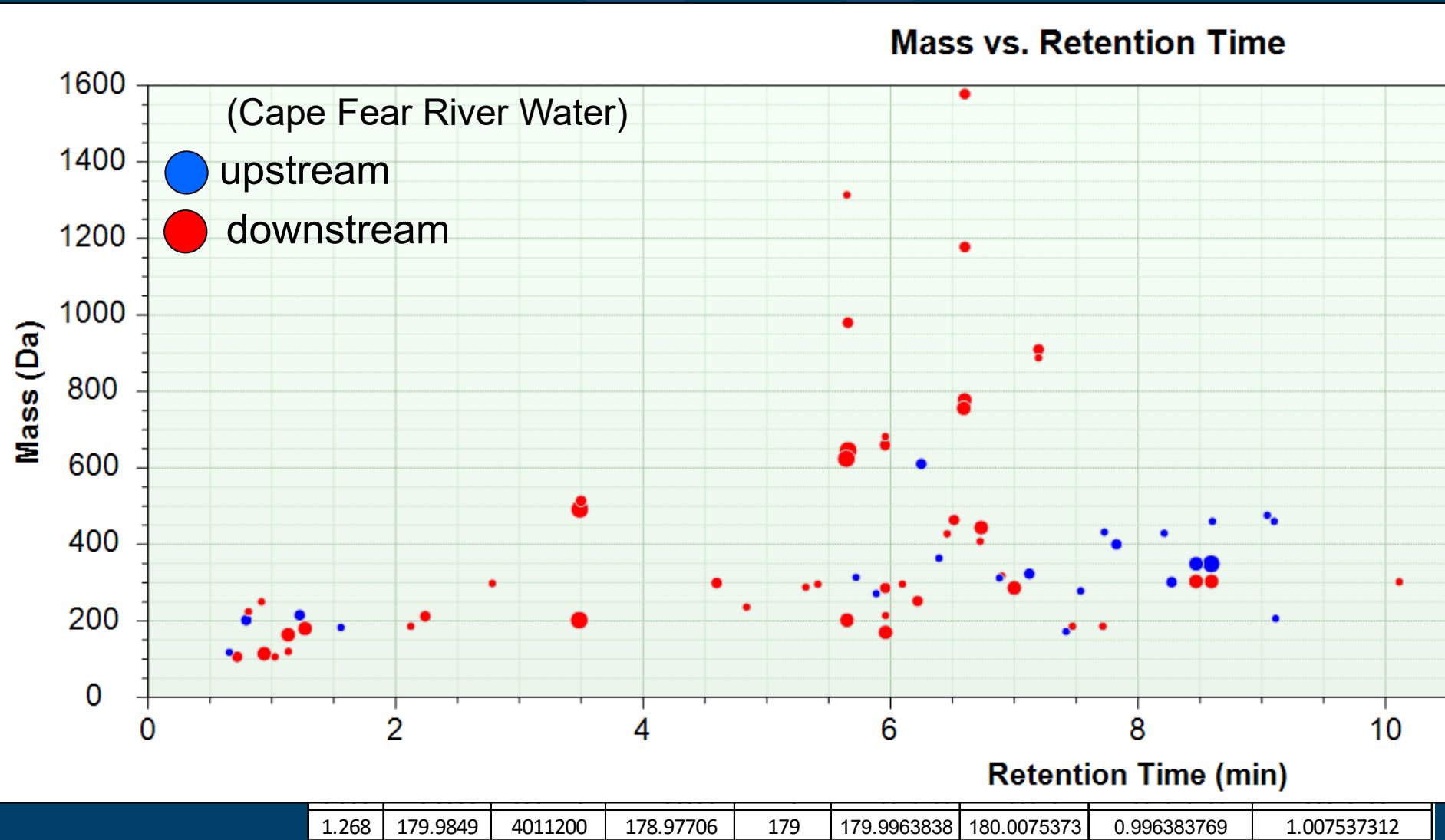
http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Kendrick_mass

Kendrick, Edward (1963) Anal. Chem. 35 (13) 2146-2154

Kendrick Mass Defect Standards Example



Kendrick Mass Defect Water Example



Acknowledgements

U.S. EPA RTP Team

Andy Lindstrom, Rebecca McMahan, Mark Strynar,
Shuang Liang, Erik Andersen (Navy-Japan),
Sonia Dagnino (U. of AZ-Tuscon), Larry McMillan

Co-authors Mike Thurman, Imma
Ferrer, Carol Ball



Joe Weitzel



Follow-up Sampling:
Detlef Knappe, Elisa Arevalo



Questions?
strynar.mark@epa.gov